**MicroCapital Briefs | Top Stories**

**SEB Raises $164m for 5th Microfinance Fund**

Please see page 2 for coverage of this “MicroCapital Deal of the Month.”

**Solomon Islands’ Retirement Fund to Enroll Self-employed**

The Solomon Islands National Provident Fund (SINPF), a government-backed retirement trust, recently launched youSave, a savings plan designed to help self-employed islanders establish and contribute to retirement accounts as do “formally employed” citizens. Under the SINPF Act, “every employer is required to pay to the Fund a sum equivalent to 12.5 percent of each employee’s total gross salary each month. This pay or contribution comprises 5 percent deducted from a member’s gross salary and a further 7.5 percent contributed by the employer on behalf of the employee/member.” The plan’s 170,000 members have earned an average annual interest rate of 8 percent since 2007. The UN’s Pacific Financial Inclusion Programme is subsidizing the plan with technical assistance, 20 tablet computers and USD 177,000 in cash. June 25, 2017

**BOPA Raises $8m in Equity to Invest in Asian MFIs**

Base of Pyramid Asia (BOPA), a microfinance investment company in Singapore, recently informed MicroCapital that it has raised a total of USD 8 million in equity funding from the Investment Fund for Developing Countries, which is owned by the Danish government; the Finnish Fund for Industrial Cooperation (Finnfund), which is backed by the Finnish government; and a Danish family office. BOPA holds assets of USD 6 million, and its investees have an aggregate loan portfolio of USD 63 million serving 147,000 people in Cambodia, East Timor, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Myanmar, Tajikistan and Vietnam. June 22, 2017

**Incofin Sells Stakes in Financiera Confianza of Peru, Affiliate of Fundacion BBVA**

Belgium’s Incofin Investment Management (Incofin IM) recently informed MicroCapital that it has sold all of the equity held by three of its funds, Incofin CVSO, Volksvermogen and Rural Impulse Fund I, in Financiera Confianza, a Peruvian microfinance institution affiliated with Spain’s Fundacion BBVA Microfinanzas. The buyer was an unidentified existing shareholder in the microfinance institution. Although the sizes and prices of the stakes remain confidential, Incofin IM reports that the funds enjoyed “over five times net value increase” on the sales. In addition, over the last 14 years, Incofin IM states that it “played a key role in...the introduction of Social Performance Management practices and firmly establishing the institution’s focus on rural outreach.” Founded in 1998, Confianza provides microcredit and deposit services to 470,000 clients via 150 branches, with a focus on rural areas of central Peru. It has a loan portfolio of USD 458 million and holds USD 280 million in deposits. Fundacion BBVA holds stakes in six institutions in Chile, Colombia, Panama and Peru. June 6, 2017

**Tunisia’s UIB Borrows $45m from EBRD for SMEs**

The European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD), a UK-based multilateral institution, recently announced it will loan the equivalent of USD 45 million to Union Internationale de Banques (UIB), a Tunisian bank, to support small and medium-sized enterprises’ (SMEs’) “lending activities and expand access to finance for underserved private SMEs.” UIB, a subsidiary of France-based Societe Generale, reports total assets of USD 1.9 billion, a loan portfolio of USD 1.9 billion, deposits of USD 1.5 billion, return on assets of 1.8 percent and return on equity of 23 percent. Founded in 1864, Societe Generale serves 31 million customers in 66 countries with total assets of USD 1.6 trillion. June 2, 2017
**MICROCAPITAL BRIEFS**

**Fund for Rural Prosperity Awards $3m for New Programs in Africa**

KPMG, a network of firms providing business services in 155 countries, recently informed MicroCapital that The MasterCard Foundation’s Fund for Rural Prosperity has awarded USD 1 million each to the following organizations: Ibero Uganda for the provision of loans, training and related services to coffee farmers; US-based First Access for an agricultural credit scoring mechanism for lenders in Tanzania; and Botswana-based Letshego Financial Services for an agency banking project in Mozambique. Financial service providers serving sub-Saharan Africa may apply for the next round of award funds until August 10.

Ann Miles, the Director of Financial Inclusion at The MasterCard Foundation, said, “We hope that other actors in this space are taking note so that they, too, can emulate or support success and bring the benefits of financial inclusion to millions more people.” The MasterCard Foundation, which reports USD 9 billion in assets, was established in Canada in 2006 by US-based payment processor Mastercard Worldwide, June 30, 2017

**C-Quadrat’s Dual Return Vision Funds Enter Myanmar**

C-Quadrat Asset Management, an arm of Austrian fund manager C-Quadrat, recently informed MicroCapital that in May it issued a loan through the Dual Return funds in Myanmar for the first time. During the month, the Dual Return Vision Microfinance and Dual Return Vision Microfinance-Local Currency funds loaned a total equivalent to USD 34 million to unidentified providers of financial services in Cambodia, Costa Rica, Mongolia, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and other countries. The microfinance institution (MFI) in Myanmar, which was originally launched by an international NGO, offers deposits and group loans in five regions of the country. C-Quadrat Asset Management states, “The MFI’s portfolio quality is very high... [and it has] implemented very good procedures [relating to] social performance.” June 30, 2017

**SEB Raises $164m for 5th Microfinance Fund**

The SEB (Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken), Group, a Swedish financial services provider with operations in eight northern European countries, recently closed the SEB Microfinance Fund V, having raised USD 69 million above its target of USD 95 million. SEB’s five microfinance funds hold total assets equivalent to USD 730 million deployed to 101 financial institutions serving micro-, small and medium-sized enterprises in 34 countries. The five-year, closed-end funds invest in local currency, without hedging. Since the launch of the first fund in 2013, the funds have generated annualized returns of 8 percent for euro investors and returns of 10 percent for krona investors. While SEB manages the investments, Symbiotics, a Swiss specialist in micro-, small and medium-sized enterprise investing, assists with sourcing and execution. SEB reports total assets of USD 206 billion, June 30, 2017

**MicroFinanza Rating Issues 8 Credentials in Asia, LatAm**

During June, Italy’s MicroFinanza Rating (MFR) issued four microfinance institutional ratings. Ecuador’s Inogetec earned a rating of BBB with a stable outlook. Three institutions earned ratings of BB+: VisionFund Honduras, with a stable outlook; Fundacion Pro Mujer Argentina, with a positive outlook; and El Salvador’s PADECOMM-CREDITO, which was formerly known as Patronato para el Desarrollo de las Comunidades de Morazán y San Miguel, with an outlook of “under observation.” MFR also certified the client protection efforts of FINCA Nicaragua, Tajikistan’s Imon International and Indonesia’s Komida under license from the Smart Campaign of US-based Accion’s FINCA Nicaragua, Tajikistan’s Imon International and Indonesia’s Komida under license from the Smart Campaign of US-based Accion’s FINCA Nicaragua, Tajikistan’s Imon International and Indonesia’s Komida. June 30, 2017

**IFC Loans $17m to Romania’s Agricover for Ag SMEs**

The International Finance Corporation, a member of the World Bank Group, recently announced it will loan the local-currency equivalent of USD 17 million to Agricover Credit, a non-banking financial institution, to boost the financial inclusion of small and medium-sized agriculture businesses. Established in 2008, Agricover Credit lends exclusively to the Romanian agricultural sector. The lender is a unit of the Agricover Group, which reports net 2016 income of USD 3.7 million on turnover of USD 270 million, June 27, 2017

**IFC, FMO, SBI-FMO Invest $22m in Equity in Sri Lanka’s Sanasa**

The World Bank Group’s International Finance Corporation (IFC); Nederlandse Financierings-Maatschappij voor Ontwikkelingslanden (FMO); a Dutch development bank; and Singapore-based SBI-FMO Emerging Asia Financial Sector Fund recently placed equity investments totaling USD 22 million in Sri Lankan-based Sanasa Development Bank (SDB Bank). Although the sizes of the newly purchased stakes have not been released, the transaction brings IFC’s equity participation in SDB Bank to 8.9 percent, and FMO and SBI-FMO will hold a total of 12.9 percent of the bank’s equity. Established in 1997, SDB Bank offers deposits, loans, pawning, money transfers and foreign currency services. It reports total assets equivalent to USD 430 million and 2016 pre-tax profit of USD 4 million. The SBI-FMO Fund is owned by FMO and the Strategic Business Innovator (SBI) Group, a Japan-based firm with total assets of USD 35 billion, June 27, 2017

**IFAD Loaning $36m to Cambodia to Support Farmers**

The government of Cambodia recently announced the first phase of a project intended to aid 13,000 small-scale farming families by “building infrastructure to help farmers, and offering special microfinance deals.” Of the USD 60 million budgeted for the project, USD 56 million is on loan from the UN’s International Fund for Agricultural Development, USD 8 million has been committed by the Cambodian government and the remainder is “coming from the private sector.” Among the goals of the five-year program is to reduce the nation’s agricultural trade imbalance by boosting “Cambodian farmers’ competitiveness, especially internationally.” One of the strategies for accomplishing this is facilitating farmers’ access to loans from microlenders Amret, Lanka Orix Leasing Company and Prasac, June 27, 2017

**Uzbekistan Borrows $500m from ADB to Build 29k Rural Homes**

The Asian Development Bank (ADB) recently announced it will issue a loan of USD 500 million to support the building of 29,000 new houses in rural Uzbekistan. The units will reduce the number of people lacking “piped water connections and sanitary facilities in rural areas while... heating and cooking facilities with natural gas will ease the burden faced by women and enable them to avoid harmful solid fuels, which are linked to respiratory diseases.” Ipoteka Bank, the National Bank of Uzbekistan and Qishloq Qurilish Bank will arrange mortgages for the home buyers, of whom 30 percent are to be women. Details on the pricing of the houses or loans are not available, June 27, 2017

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Please refer to http://MicroCapital.org for the sources of information appearing in all briefs. Among these, MicroCapital recognizes CGAP, the Microfinance Gateway and the Microfinance Information Exchange for their outstanding work disseminating information on microfinance. Thank you!
IFC, JICA to Invest $1.5b in Infrastructure, MSMEs in South Asia
The International Finance Corporation, the private-sector arm of the World Bank Group, recently agreed to launch a multifaceted project in Bangladesh and India in partnership with the Japan International Cooperation Agency, a development institution of the Japanese government. It has a five-year budget of USD 1.5 billion to invest in “private sector projects” that “modernize infrastructure and expand access to basic services for under-served communities in emerging markets.” While the focus of the program is on energy, water and transportation, it “will also help provide financing for corporations working in sectors essential for economic growth and development, such as infrastructure, microfinance, finance for small and medium enterprises, agribusiness and healthcare.” June 24. 2017.

Chinese Women Leverage Microfinance to Create Agribusinesses
Fushun, a city in northeastern China, spent the equivalent of USD 406 million from 2010 through 2017 to subsidize microcredit for the agricultural endeavors of 37,000 women, primarily those whose husbands live elsewhere due to employment obligations. The women’s businesses include greenhouses as well as drying and storage facilities for mushrooms and medicinal herbs. Details such as the terms of the loans have not been released. June 23. 2017.

EIB Group Supporting SMEs in Georgia, Moldova, the Ukraine
The EU-affiliated European Investment Bank (EIB) and its sibling, the European Investment Fund (EIF), are implementing two programs intended to fortify the private sectors of Georgia, Moldova and the Ukraine. The first program, the Deep and Comprehensive Free Trade Agreement Initiative East, aims to stimulate economic growth by various means including supporting small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) through “institutional and capacity-building activities” and guaranteeing loans made by local banks to SMEs. The second program, known as EU Finance for Innovators or “InnovFin,” is intended to help SMEs access finance through the implementation of “guarantees for financial intermediaries, direct loans to enterprises and advisory services.” In February, for example, EIF agreed under InnovFin to accept half the risk on loans disbursed by ProCredit Bank Georgia totaling up to the local-currency equivalent of USD 56 million. Established in 1998, ProCredit Georgia is a member of Germany’s ProCredit Group, which provides financial services to SMEs via 21 banks in Eastern Europe, Latin America and Africa. June 21. 2017

WaterEquity Investment Fund 3 Targets South, Southeast Asia
WaterEquity, the “social impact investment” subsidiary of US-based NGO Water.org, recently launched the WaterCredit Investment Fund 3 with the goal of raising USD 50 million to “invest in enterprises serving water and sanitation needs” of 4.6 million people in Cambodia, India, Indonesia and the Philippines. So far, it has secured an interest-free loan of USD 5 million from US-based Bank of America. Since the inception of WaterEquity in 2016, it has invested in 69 microfinance institutions and other organizations. Founded in 1990 by Matt Damon and Gary White, Water.org operates in 12 countries with USD 52 million in total assets. June 20. 2017

FINCA Armenia Completes $7m Dual-currency Bond Issue
FINCA Armenia, a microfinance institution based in Yerevan, recently issued tranches of bonds listed on the NASDAQ OMX Armenia stock exchange worth USD 4 million and AMD 1.5 billion (USD 3 million). The microlender provides business, rural and consumer loans as well as insurance services to 52,000 customers via 36 branches. It reports total assets of USD 60 million and gross 2016 operating income of USD 10 million. FINCA Armenia is an affiliate of the Foundation for International Community Assistance (FINCA International), a US-based network of microfinance institutions that serves 2 million people in 23 countries, has total assets of USD 1.1 billion and reports a 2015 operating loss of USD 2.8 million. June 19. 2017.

Route One Pays $15m for 0.9% Stake in India’s Bharat
US-based Route One Fund I LP recently spent the equivalent of USD 13.4 million to purchase 0.88 percent of the shares of Bharat Financial Inclusion, a for-profit non-banking micro lender in India, via an open market transaction. Formerly known as SKS Microfinance, Bharat is a for-profit microfinance institution that was launched in 1998 and made its initial public offering in 2010. It has since diversified into offering gold loans and microinsurance. Bharat reports total assets of USD 1 billion, loans totaling USD 771 million, 4.6 million active borrowers, return on equity of 22 percent and return on assets of 4.2 percent. Shares of Bharat trade on the Bombay Stock Exchange and India’s National Stock Exchange. June 18. 2017

Sri Lankan MFIs Want to Offer Insurance, Access Credit Data
M M Attanayake, the president of the 71-member Lanka Microfinance Practitioners’ Association, recently urged policymakers to amend existing law to allow microfinance institutions (MFIs) to offer microinsurance. He also argued that MFIs should be able to make use of the Credit Information Bureau of Sri Lanka. Dr A T Ariyaratn, who founded a group of community organizations known as the Sarvodaya Shramadana Movement, expressed “concerns on the impact of the recent budget proposal not to report credit information of loans below LKR 500,000 (USD 3,300).” The men added that better credit information could prevent multiple borrowing and defaults as well as keep MFIs from asking borrowers for “high-end collateral.” June 13. 2017.

AgroCentra of Ghana Wins $20k Prize for Agricultural Marketplace
Ghana-based AgroCentra recently won USD 20,000 in the Fincluders Startup Challenge, which supports new companies seeking to increase financial inclusion. AgroCentra hosts an online trading hub for farmers and agricultural buyers in Ghana. The competition was created by the Luxembourg-based Sanad Fund for MSME and Oasis500, a Jordan-based seed investor and business accelerator for technology firms. Jordan’s Liiwwa, a platform for lenders to small and medium-sized enterprises, won second place; and third place went to Democrance, a microinsurer based in the United Arab Emirates. June 14. 2017

Telkom Kenya Shutting Down Orange Mobile Money Service
Telkom Kenya, a telecommunications provider in Kenya, recently announced that July 4 will be the last day it will offer the mobile money service Orange Money. Orange Money reportedly has struggled due to “very perform[ing] on these transactions” compared to competitors such as are offered by Safaricom and the local arm of India’s Airtel. Telkom Kenya intends to re-launch a different mobile money platform with an emphasis on “interoperability,” allowing users to send money to and receive payment from people on competing mobile money systems. Telkom Kenya’s Orange Money service facilitated transactions totaling the equivalent of USD 774,000 via 800 agents during the last three months of 2016. The name Orange Money is a remnant of Telkom Kenya’s past ownership by French telecommunications provider Orange SA. In 2015, the private equity arm of UK-based Helios Investment Partners bought a controlling stake in Telkom Kenya, which is also affiliated with South Africa-based Telkom. Telkom’s reach encompasses 38 African countries. June 13. 2017

ADB Loans Pakistan’s Khushhali $20m for Farmers, MSMEs
The Asian Development Bank (ADB), a Philippines-based multilateral institution, recently announced it will loan USD 20 million to Khushhali Microfinance Bank Limited of Pakistan to “expand access to credit for agriculture-related borrowers and small businesses.” In conjunction with the loan, ADB will provide an unspecified level of funding to establish a training academy for micro-, small and medium-sized enterprises. Khushhali has 144 offices, 550,000 borrowers and a gross loan portfolio of USD 220 million. It also provides insurance services, although statistics on these are not available. June 9. 2017.
Ford Foundation to Invest Much of $1b in Financial Services
The US-based Ford Foundation recently announced plans to disburse USD 1 billion in “mission-related investments” over 10 years, with initial focus on access to financial services in developing countries and affordable housing in the US. Because foundations in the US are required to spend 5 percent of their endowment on charitable purposes, many invest the other 95 percent of their assets with the aim of replenishing that 5 percent without regard to social impact. Ford Foundation President Darren Walker said, “If philanthropy’s past half century was about optimizing the 5 percent, its next half century will be about beginning to harness the 95 percent as well, carefully and creatively.” The Ford Foundation, which was chartered in 1936 by Edsel Ford, provides grants and loans that address a range of civic, human rights, economic, education and health issues. It reports total assets of USD 12 billion.

June 9, 2017

Carolina Trivelli to Chair CGAP Executive Committee
The executive committee of US-based nonprofit CGAP (Consultative Group to Assist the Poor) recently elected Carolina Trivelli to be its new chair as of June 30. She is the CEO of Peruvian e-money platform Pagos Digitales Peruanos and serves as a senior researcher at the Peruvian think-tank Instituto de Estudios Peruanos. Ms Trivelli, who previously served as Peru’s Minister of Development and Inclusion, is replacing Kazuto Tsuji as he finishes his five-year term. CGAP is a policy and research center dedicated to increasing financial access worldwide by providing market intelligence, promoting standards and offering advisory services to governments, microfinance providers, donors and investors. It is co-located with the offices of the World Bank Group and has an annual budget of USD 27 million. June 9, 2017

Vodacom Buying 35% of Safaricom from Vodafone for $2.6b
South Africa’s Vodacom, a unit of UK-based Vodafone Group that provides communications services to 61 million subscribers in Africa, is paying Vodafone the equivalent of USD 2.6 billion for a 33-percent stake in Kenyan mobile network operator Safaricom. This reshuffling within Vodafone will be financed by selling 227 million Vodacom shares to the public. Safaricom was established in 1997, and in 2007 it launched the M-Pesa mobile money service, which was developed by Vodafone. Safaricom has 63 million customers in Kenya, and M-Pesa serves 25 million clients in Africa, Asia and Romania. June 7, 2017.

EBRD Supporting MFW in Serving Women, Refugees in Jordan
The UK-based European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) recently announced it will loan the equivalent of USD 2 million in local currency to Microfund for Women (MFW), a microlender in Jordan, to support female entrepreneurs in that country. In conjunction with the loan, the EBRD will provide funding for capacity development relating to lending to refugees. MFW, which offers lending, insurance, business development and social services, has total assets of USD 104 million. June 7, 2017.

EFSE Lending $25m to Turkey’s Yapi Kredi Leasing to Serve MSEs
The European Fund for Southeast Europe (EFSE), a Luxembourg-based microfinance investment vehicle, recently indicated it will lend USD 25 million to Turkey’s Yapi Kredi Leasing, a subsidiary of Yapi Kredi Bank, to fund 1,000 leases to micro- and small enterprises. Founded in 1944, Yapi Kredi Bank is a privately owned institution that offers commercial, corporate, private and retail banking services through 1,000 branches in Turkey. It reports total assets equivalent to USD 76 billion and 11 million customers. June 7, 2017.
This interview launches a sponsored series on the third Semaine Africaine de la Microfinance (SAM), which begins on October 9 in Addis Ababa. It is organized by ADA, an NGO based in Luxembourg, with the support of Luxembourg’s Ministry for Development Cooperation and Humanitarian Affairs, in partnership with the Microfinance African Institutions Network (MAIN), the African Rural & Agricultural Credit Association, African Microfinance Transparency (AMT), the Association of Ethiopian Microfinance Institutions (AEMFI) and Kenya’s Association for Micro-finance Institutions.

Semaine Africaine de la Microfinance (SAM)

MicroCapital: How has SAM evolved since its launch four years ago?

Laura Foschi: We held the first edition of SAM in 2013 in Arusha, Tanzania. Our goal was to align the annual meetings of three networks of African microfinance institutions: AFMIN, AMT and MAIN. We had conference sessions on the first day, the networks’ general assemblies on the second day and an Investor’s Fair on the third day. During the week, we realized the potential of SAM to become a major African inclusive finance event.

We decided to move the location each time with the aim of engaging both French-speaking and English-speaking regions and organizations. In 2015, we held the conference in Senegal, expanding it to include two days of conference sessions and a broader range of parallel events. We were pleasantly surprised to have our registrations double to over 500 people! Perhaps for the fourth edition we will move to North Africa or Southern Africa.

MC: How did you select Ethiopia for the 2017 SAM?

LF: In order to maintain Ethiopia’s strong economic growth, its large young population will need to achieve what we call “economic inclusion.” In order to address this challenge, the government of Ethiopia has prioritized both microfinance and SMEs.

As we looked further into holding SAM in Ethiopia, we entered into a productive dialogue with AEMFI and discovered that it was very interested in the event.

MC: Speaking of SMEs, please tell us about this year’s theme, “Creating value for SMEs.”

LF: We wanted to focus on job creation and economic inclusion. There is a new class of entrepreneurs that want to develop their businesses in Africa. Thirty years ago, African entrepreneurs often moved to Europe, the US or other places where it was easier to do business. Today, many more of them are staying in Africa. We also have international organizations and investors supporting SMEs, such as AFD, with its accelerator and incubator process in West Africa, and the World Bank, which is focusing on women’s entrepreneurship.

We want to encourage debate on how prepared the microfinance industry is to serve SMEs. While some microbanks have a long way to go, ACEP and COFINA are examples of organizations that have been very successful in serving these customers.

MC: Is there something on the SAM agenda that you would like to highlight?

LF: Throughout the week and in particular during the “Voices from the Field” plenary session, entrepreneurs will explain their daily challenges, dreams for their businesses and past failures. We will also get into agro-business, gender issues, digital solutions, incubators and business development service providers. There is a Research Meets Africa session; the Innovation Fair; the Investor’s Fair; and training sessions organized by Accion, CGAP, FAO, SPTF and others. Lastly, we invite MicroCapital readers to use the code ZSM38C to get a discount of EUR 50 off the registration fee!

Laura Foschi serves as the deputy director of ADA.
SPECIAL REPORT

This feature is part of a sponsored series on European Microfinance Week, which will be held from November 29 through December 1 by the European Microfinance Platform (e-MFP), a 130-member network located in Luxembourg. MicroCapital has been engaged to promote and document the event.

Who Is Responsible in an Equity Exit?

Now that three years have passed since CGAP and the Center for Financial Inclusion (CFI) at Accion published “The Art of the Responsible Exit in Microfinance Equity Sales,” this subject deserves a re-visit and perhaps expansion of the paper’s general principles into industry guidelines.

As the financial inclusion and impact investment industries mature and grow, so does the issue of how investors committed to advancing financial inclusion can “exit responsibly” from the institutions in which they invest equity. Sometimes an exit will raise no debate, such as when the sale is to another mission-led investor with clear intentions to continue the work of the exiting stakeholder. However, there is increasing concern about mission drift as investments mature, exits become more common and the pool of well-capitalized social investors remains small. What, if anything, does an exiting investor owe to an investee or its clients to ensure the new investor is the right “fit” for helping the investee meet its social goals?

As Alex Silva of Calmeadow and Jeffrey Riecke of CFI note in a recent blog entry, investors exit for many reasons: a market may start to attract fully commercial capital; an investor’s strategy might change; a market may become too risky; or an investor may need to raise capital.

The seller and purchaser typically will have a variety of obligations to satisfy. Their fiduciary responsibility to their shareholders may be inconsistent with the needs of end-clients. There may be tradeoffs relating to timing, size of the stake, where the investor is in its life cycle, and the ownership structure and governance arrangements in place. As Mr Silva and Mr Riecke put it, exiting investors “should not sell to the high-priced but questionable offer, and neither should they opt for capital-starved social investors.”

This is tricky stuff. Despite the valuable contributions of the CGAP-CFI paper, there is room for expansion, including gathering industry input to create exit guidelines for financial inclusion equity investors.

To this end, e-MFP, the NpM Platform for Inclusive Finance and the Financial Inclusion Equity Council (FIEC) have commissioned a paper to synthesize stakeholder input on the subject. Authored by Daniel Rozas of e-MFP and Sam Mendelson of Arc Finance, the paper will be based on interviews with investors and supplemented by case studies. In addition, the authors welcome your input. They intend to have a draft ready for European Microfinance Week in November.

Briefing papers are mainly valuable if they produce concrete outputs. The goal of this paper is for FIEC members and other equity investors to use it in briefing organizations that assist them in exit trajectories (such as investment banks and consultants) and helping potential buyers better understand their own commitments to determine whether the proposed investment is truly a match. Most of all, the paper is meant to move the industry toward the establishment of best practices that improve the enabling environment for responsible equity exits. To paraphrase the authors of the 2014 paper, exiting responsibly may be an art, but it can also become more of a science.
Vision Microfinance is an appeal to combat poverty in a meaningful and sustainable way. So far 922 m USD have been distributed in the form of 753 promissory notes to 288 microfinance institutions in 53 countries. Thanks to our investors, the lives of over 1 m people in developing countries have been transformed.

Vision Microfinance allows private and institutional investors to participate in the „fast-growing“ microfinance industry. Investors benefit from the extensive asset management expertise of C-QUADRAT Asset Management, which works in close partnership with microfinance specialist Symbiotics, a market research expert in sustainable investments. This unique cooperation of fund manager and research team yields innovative microfinance solutions: **Vision Microfinance.**

www.visionmicrofinance.com
EAR TO THE GROUND

Increasing the Gap: Will Digital Financial Services Leave Women Behind?

Earlier this week, I led a discussion on women and digital financial services with the Digital Frontiers Institute. Digital finance has great potential to help women store and borrow money safely and privately - and close to home. A recent study by Tavneet Suri and William Jack shows that women in Kenya who use mobile money increase consumption enough for 2 percent of them to step out of poverty. It seems that access to a convenient channel to receive remittances, make payments and store money may help women allocate funds more efficiently. This can lead to more savings, which tends to improve household wellbeing.

Of the women in the Kenyan study who saved more, many used multiple channels, including cash, banks and savings clubs in addition to mobile money accounts. So far, digital financial services seem to be complementing more complex services rather than replacing them. Digital services can give women their first experience with formal services or offer them a convenient transactional platform. Yet their depth of engagement is still lackluster as women continue to face constraints to both adoption and usage.

While some transactions - such as receiving remittances - are a strong match with mobile money, others may be cost-prohibitive. Women are generally poorer and thus more price sensitive than men. Even in Kenya, the birthplace of M-Pesa, GSMA reports that women are almost equally likely to have tried mobile money as men, but are less likely to actively use mobile money (32 percent of women vs 60 percent of men used mobile money over a 7-day period). I believe that transaction costs are a critical reason for this.

Poverty is not the only barrier to women's adoption and usage of digital services. Women often are excluded from a range of social and economic spheres due to social and structural gender norms. This can be exacerbated by technology if there isn't a concerted effort to be inclusive. In Pakistan, for example, men's use of traditional bank accounts is twice that of women's. When we include technology in the banking relationship, we find that women's exclusion increases exponentially - women are seven times less likely to have a mobile wallet in Pakistan. In Bangladesh, 90 percent of the 21 million microfinance clients are women. This high-touch financial service clearly works for women, who still only represent 18 percent of mobile money users.

Although technology can increase productivity and efficiency, it can also exacerbate differences between the “haves” and the “have-nots,” propelling the incomes of the well-off more than that of those with fewer skills and less capital. While there is plenty of private investment flooding into digital finance, public monies would be well-spent seeking to ensure broader inclusion outcomes in digital finance. Otherwise, small increases in income by poor women may be overshadowed by even greater economic and social divides.

About the Author: Ms Barbara Magnoni is President of EA Consultants, a development-consulting firm based in New York. She has 25 years of international finance and development experience and has worked with organizations including Goldman Sachs, Chase and BBVA and has advised institutions such as the International Finance Corporation, the US Agency for International Development and the International Labour Organization. She may be reached at +1 212 734 6461 or bmagnoni[at]eaec-global.com, or you may follow her on Twitter at BarbaraatEA.
### TOP 10 MFIs BY GROWTH IN GROSS LOAN PORTFOLIO: CHANGE IN USD

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<th>MFI NAME</th>
<th>AVERAGE ANNUAL USD INCREASE</th>
<th>AVERAGE ANNUAL % INCREASE</th>
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<td>Azercredit</td>
<td>-12,691,881</td>
<td>-19%</td>
<td>72,198,909</td>
<td>46,815,147</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TuranBank</td>
<td>-25,081,585</td>
<td>-11%</td>
<td>241,144,872</td>
<td>190,981,701</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DemirBank</td>
<td>-46,083,045</td>
<td>-12%</td>
<td>398,596,859</td>
<td>306,430,769</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FINCA Azerbaijan</td>
<td>-50,396,599</td>
<td>-28%</td>
<td>212,085,505</td>
<td>111,292,308</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank Respublika</td>
<td>-86,898,077</td>
<td>-27%</td>
<td>372,001,282</td>
<td>198,205,128</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### PERCENT OF MFIs IN MARKET BY SIZE (NUMBER OF ACTIVE BORROWERS)

- **100K**: 14% → 14%
- **50K**: 5% → 21%
- **20K**: 24% → 21%
- **10K**: 52% → 29%

### MARKET SHARE BY MFI SIZE (NUMBER OF ACTIVE BORROWERS)

- **100K**: 67% → 42%
- **50K**: 12% → 37%
- **20K**: 12% → 8%
- **10K**: 3% → 2%

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1 Denotes only MFIs that reported data for 2013 and 2015 to the Microfinance Information Exchange (MIX) Market

Source: MIX, June 2017
UPCOMING EVENTS

Global Sustainable Finance Conference
July 13 - July 14, 2017; Karlsruhe, Germany
This event includes sessions such as “Responsible and Innovative Banking & Finance in the Age of Disruption” and “The Financial Sector as a Powerful Driver of Sustainable Development.” The fee to attend is EUR 1,260, including hotel accommodations. More details are available at http://cosd.org/en/gsfc_f.html, +49 721 476 8916 or mail[at]cosd.org.

Malaysia International Conference on Microfinance Management
July 19 - July 20, 2017; Selangor, Malaysia
Topics of discussion at this conference will include governance, cooperatives, reducing non-performing loan ratios and several case studies. Registration costs USD 550 for international attendees and MYR 1,350 for locals. For more information, you may call +6 03 8928 0577, email secretariat.micom2017[at]gmail.com or visit http://www.micom2017.com.

3rd Conference on Microfinance and Enterprise Development
August 23 - August 24, 2017; Benin City, Nigeria
The goal of this conference is to maximize microfinance and enterprise development on the African continent. The fee to attend is NGN 50,000. Additional information is available via +234 8135776286, info[at]lapoinstitute.org or http://conference.lapoinstitute.org.

Financial Inclusion Innovation Summit 2017
August 29 - August 31, 2017; Port Moresby, Papua New Guinea
Previously known as Pacific Microfinance Week, this summit will address topics such as wealth creation, microenterprise development, meeting customer needs, and access to finance for small and medium-sized enterprises. The full fee to attend is USD 300, with discounts offered to members of the Microfinance Pasifika Network and groups of four or more. For additional information, you may call +61 7 3217 2924, email info[at]microfinance-pasifika.org or visit http://www.microfinance-pasifika.org/event/financial-inclusion-innovation-summit-2017/.

5th International Conference on Sustainable Development
September 6 - September 7, 2017; Rome, Italy
This conference offers a forum for the discussion of research in “sustainability science.” The cost to attend is EUR 300. For more details, you may visit http://www.ecsdev.org/index.php/conference, call +39 0692958486 or email conference[at]ecsdev.org.

Third Sankalp Southeast Asia Summit
September 19 - September 20, 2017; Jakarta, Indonesia
The goal of this summit is to “strengthen Southeast Asia’s entrepreneurship ecosystem” through discussions on topics such as policy, health, energy, financial services and agriculture. The full fee to attend is USD 300, with rates of USD 100 available for male entrepreneurs and USD 75 for women entrepreneurs. For more information, you may visit http://www.sankalpforum.com/events/3rd-sankalp-southeast-asia-summit-2017/, email sankalpforum[at]intellectualcapital.com or call +91 22 61952746.

Global Youth Economic Opportunities Summit
September 27 - September 29, 2017; Washington, DC, USA
Themed “The Future of Work: Youth Economic Opportunity in a Changing World,” this event includes sessions on topics such as building a foundation of skills, the diminishing role of traditional labor, self-employment, preparing youth for the workforce, and factors such as gender and armed conflict. The fee to attend is USD 895 with various discounts offered including for those registering by July 14. For additional information, you may call +1 202 783 4090, email summit[at]makingcents.com or visit http://www.youthosummit.org/.

2017 SEEP Annual Conference
October 2 - October 4, 2017; Arlington, Virginia, USA
Themed “Catalyzing Transformative Change,” this event will cover strategies relating to: (1) Resilience through Market Systems; (2) Markets, Food Systems and Nutrition; (3) Financial Inclusion and Client Empowerment; and (4) Adaptive Management and Organizational Change. The fee to attend is USD 1,200, with various discounts offered including tiers for those registering before August 10 and September 22. For additional information, you may visit http://www.seepnetwork.org/, call +1 202 534 1400 or email annualconference[at]seepnetwork.org.

Semaine Africaine de la Microfinance (SAM)
October 9 - October 13, 2017; Addis Ababa, Ethiopia
The 2017 iteration of this event will focus on small and medium-sized enterprises. In addition to two days of conference presentations, it will include an Innovation Fair and an Investor’s Fair. Although the standard fee to attend is EUR 550, MicroCapital readers may enjoy a rate of EUR 500 until July 31 by citing the code ZSM38C. More details are available via http://www.microfinance-africa.org/, info[at]ada-microfinance.lu or +352 45 68 68 1. MicroCapital has been engaged to promote and document SAM.

Opportunity Collaboration
October 15 - October 20, 2017; Ixtapa, Mexico
This networking and problem-solving event is “dedicated to building sustainable solutions to poverty.” It includes a “Capacity Building Clinic” and seminars on topics ranging from social impact to economic justice. The all-inclusive fees start at USD 2,950. For more information, you may contact Tracie Hudgins at +1 602 647 9121 or thudgins[at]opportunitycollaboration.net, or you may visit http://opportunitycollaboration.net.

Making Finance Work for Women Summit
October 24 - October 25, 2017; Dar Es Salaam, Tanzania
Themed “Digital Financial Inclusion,” this event includes sessions on topics such as “the state of digital financial services,” how policymakers can empower women, drivers of outreach to women, financing women-owned businesses and ensuring safety for girls. The fee to attend is USD 750, with a discount of USD 250 for registrations paid before September 22. For additional information, you may visit https://www.mfww2017.womensworldbanking.org, call +1 212 768 8513 or email communications[at]womensworldbanking.org.

MORE DETAILS COMING SOON:

Sa-Dhan National Conference
September 14 - September 15, 2017; New Delhi, India

7th Annual Central Asian & Caucasus Microfinance Forum
October 26 - October 27, 2017; Tbilisi, Georgia

The Conference on Sustainable, Responsible, Impact Investing
November 1 - November 3, 2017; San Diego, California, USA

Sanabel Annual Conference
November 7 - November 8, 2017; Beirut, Lebanon

13th International Microinsurance Conference 2017
November 7 - November 9, 2017; Lima, Peru

The MasterCard Foundation Symposium on Financial Inclusion
November 8 - November 9, 2017; Accra, Ghana

European Microfinance Week
November 29 - December 1, 2017; Luxembourg
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Case Study: SolTuna - Tuna Processing, Solomon Islands


This case study investigates the connections between financial literacy and the reduction of absenteeism and other problems at SolTuna, a tuna processing plant in the Solomon Islands. The reasons cited for staff absenteeism and resignations included lack of childcare, limited access to health facilities and gender-based violence.

After SolTuna partnered with the World Bank to train employees in financial literacy, 31 percent of those participating reported having money left at the end of the month, up from 14 percent before the training. SolTuna also brought in staff of Papua New Guinea-based Bank South Pacific to help workers establish deposit accounts to protect their earnings - often from the men in their lives.

Before the program, staff were absent at a rate of 32 percent. One year later, that rate had fallen to 18 percent. As a result, SolTuna plans to expand the program, hoping to reduce absenteeism and increase job loyalty further.

Impact of Savings Groups on the Lives of the Poor

By Dean Karlan, Beniamino Savonitto, Bram Thuybaert and Christopher Udry; published in the Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the USA; February 10, 2017; 6 pages; available at: http://www.pnas.org/content/114/12/3079.full

Based on an analysis of savings-led microfinance programs in rural Ghana, Malawi and Uganda, the authors find no evidence that people increased consumption as a result of participating. However, they conclude that the programs help improve household businesses and empower women. Female members of these groups accessed credit at a rate of 42 percent compared to 31 percent in the control group. In addition, participating households saved 35 percent (USD 14) more than they had previously.

Financial Services Demand Side Survey Vanuatu


Almost one third of the people surveyed on the island nation of Vanuatu are financially excluded. Many workers use informal services such as savings clubs and borrow from employers, family, shopkeepers and moneylenders. Among those with formal bank accounts, 17 percent had not used their accounts in the past 12 months. The most common purpose for savings is education, and housing is the main reason for borrowing. Another finding is that although women are less likely to own a bank account than men, women use their accounts more often.

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